

Summary

The outlook for the construction industry is mixed for 2012, as firms must balance growing demand for certain private sector market segments with continued weakness in key sectors, the near end of the stimulus and declining overall demand for public sector construction. Indeed, according to an analysis of survey responses from more than 1,300 construction firms conducted by the Associated General Contractors of America and Computer Guidance, the industry is not likely to experience a recovery until at least 2013 despite some growing positive trends.

Private Sector Market Outlook Improving, Public Sector to Weaken

With the power, hospital and higher education sectors leading the way, demand for construction should continue to stabilize during 2012. Indeed, a clear majority of firms expect the dollar volume of projects they compete for to either grow or remain stable in every market segment identified in the survey. However, the stability masks two divergent trends . growing demand for private sector construction activity offset by declining public sector demand.

As the final impacts of the stimulus wrap up and public budgets continue to shrink, firms are becoming increasingly pessimistic about key publicly funded market segments. For example, 40 percent of firms expect highway funding to decline in 2012 while 44 percent of firms expect the amount invested in public building projects to drop and 38 percent of firms expect funding for other categories of transportation . including airport and transit projects . to decline. In contrast, 34 percent of firms expect demand for hospital and higher education facilities to grow and 31 percent expect demand for power facilities to increase this year.

It is important to note that significant weaknesses remain even within private sector market segments. Thirty-five percent of contractors responding to the survey expect demand for new retail, warehouse and lodging facilities to decline in 2012, while only 22 percent expect demand to grow. The outlook is similar for the private office construction market, where 36 percent of firms expect demand to continue declining while only 21 percent expect demand to increase.

Construction Employment to Improve... Slightly

Significantly more firms (32 percent) plan to add staff this year than plan to lay off staff (9 percent). This is a marked improvement from 2011 when 37 percent of firms reported ct4.04 T(t)6())3(ery)9(-1)

Fortunately, the firms planning to cut staff also expect to make relatively modest changes to the size of their workforce. Ninety-one percent of firms estimate their planned layoffs will amount to 15 or fewer positions being cut. For most firms these layoffs will shrink their total workforce by 25 percent or less.

Conversely, 11 percent of firms working in both highway and water and sewer

Cautious Firms are Quicker to Lease, Instead of Buy, New Equipment

As the commercial construction industry remains mired in a downturn that began in earnest in 2008, they continue to evolve their equipment strategies. Instead of purchasing new equipment, many firms report leasing. While 49 percent of firms reported purchasing new equipment in 2011, significantly more (69 percent) reported leasing construction equipment. Even when firms added new equipment, however, their investments were relatively modest. For example, 60 percent of firms reported that their equipment purchased totaled \$250,000 or less last year while 70 percent leased equipment totaling less than \$250,000. Given the fact many new pieces of construction equipment cost well into the six figures, this means appetite for new equipment is tepid.

The trend towards leasing, instead of buying, new equipment is likely to accelerate in 2012. While only 40 percent of firms report they plan to purchase new equipment this year, nearly two-thirds (66 percent) report they plan to lease new equipment. As with 2011, firms' appetite for new equipment is likely to be modest this year. Fifty-seven percent of firms will invest \$250,000 or less on new equipment purchases in the new year while 70 percent of firms plan to lease \$250,000 or less worth of construction equipment.

Despite the relatively bleak outlook for new highway construction, more firms working in that market segment reported they were likely to purchase new equipment (47 percent) than in any other market segment. More firms working in private office development (62 percent) reported they were not planning on purchasing new construction equipment. Meanwhile, more construction firms working in the retail, warehouse and lodging segment (66 percent) reported plans to lease new construction equipment in 2012 than any other segment. Thirty-eight percent of firms working in manufacturing reported no plans to lease new equipment, more than for any other market segment.

While the Stimulus Helped Most Firms, It is Fading Fast

With nearly two years of stimulus-funded construction activity wrapping up, it is clear the measure's \$135 billion for construction had an outsized impact on the \$800 billion construction industry. Indeed, most firms (51 percent) report they were awarded at least one stimulus-

Unfortunately, the benefits of the stimulus are fading fast. Three-quarters of firms reported they do not expect to perform on any stimulus-funded projects in 2012. Even among the firms expecting to perform stimulus work in 2012, 46 percent say they expect that work to total \$1 million or less and 83 percent of those firms say stimulus work will total a quarter or less of their total 2012 revenue.

The stimulus had a more profound impact on firms working on publicly funded projects than firms that work on private sector projects. For example, 64 percent of highway contractors reported receiving stimulus-funded projects, while only 47 percent of private office building contractors worked on projects associated with stimulus dollars. Interestingly enough however, a high number of firms working in manufacturing construction reported working on stimulus projects. This could be a combination of the fact the stimulus included funds to boost manufacturing of solar and other renewable energy devices and that firms performing manufacturing work were more willing to chase business outside their core competency in order to stay afloat.

Health Care Costs Keep Rising Despite Health Care Law

Despite the fact the controversial health care law . which AGC opposed in its final form . was enacted in

The materials price squeeze is likely to continue in 2012. Eighty-six percent of firms report they expect materials prices to increase in 2012, even as 80 percent of firms say they expect bid levels to either stagnate or decline this year. While lower bid levels mean construction owners are likely to get a good deal on construction, current economic conditions mean firms are generating less revenue for the work they perform even as they pay more for key materials. Firms of all types were consistent in reporting their expectation that materials prices would increase in 2012.

This cash squeeze is likely one reason why firms continue to remain cautious about making new hires or acquiring new construction equipment. After all, relatively few contracts (12 percent) expect the overall construction market to grow in 2012. Instead, 36 percent expect the market to finally expand in 2013, while 34 percent expect the rebound will not come until 2014. Troublingly, nearly one in five (18 percent) do not expect the overall construction market to recover until 2015.

Use of Building Information Modeling is Prevalent and Growing

Firms reported using Building Information Modeling (BIM) technology in 35 percent of their projects in 2011, which is up considerably from the 8 percent of firms that reported using BIM on their projects in 2010. BIM technology typically uses three-dimensional, real-time, dynamic building modeling software to increase productivity in building design and construction. Construction firms clearly expect demand for BIM to continue growing, with 47 percent reporting they expect use of BIM to increase in 2012. Meanwhile, only 1 percent of firms expect the use of BIM to decrease this year. This likely reflects a growing appreciation among construction firms of the cost savings and increased productivity that come with BIM technology, as well as the need to compete with others who already offer BIM.

BIM use definitely varies based on market segment. For instance, relatively few (39 percent) highway contractors expected to work on more BIM projects in 2012, the least amount for any segment. Meanwhile, 53 percent of hospital and higher education contractors expect to work on more BIM projects in 2012, more than for any other market segment. This likely reflects the increasing complexity of hospital and higher education projects . which often include sophisticated designs to handle the many different uses and equipment needed for universities and hospitals.

Massachusetts-based contractors are the most optimistic about the public building sector for 2012, with an industry-leading 58 percent reporting they expect activity to increase this year. Contractors in Florida, however, are the most pessimistic about the public building outlook, with 68 percent reporting they expect that market to decline and none reporting an expected increase in activity.

Likewise, Kansas-based contractors are the most optimistic about private office construction activity in 2012, with 36 percent reporting an expected increase in activity in that market. Contractors in Missouri are expecting the biggest decline in private office construction, with 55 percent reporting an anticipated decline in spending in that market segment this year.

And, South Carolina-based contractors are more optimistic about the chances for growth in the K-12 school construction market than in any other state, with 42 percent expecting the market to improve in 2012. Conversely, more Florida contractors (67 percent) expect a decrease in K-12 school construction spending than in any other state.

Conclusion

While the outlook for the construction industry appears to be impro8.95 578.7nstructor.7nstructE

Even as market conditions remain difficult, many construction firms are taking steps to become more efficient, to embrace new technology and to become more competitive. By leasing new equipment instead of purchasing it, construction firms are better able to adapt to swings in demand. By embracing new finance software and new technology, firms are improving their operational efficiency and reducing back office costs. And by embracing business practices like Building Information Modeling and Cloud-based computing, firms are finding ways to cut costs without losing productivity.

Even as 2012 may not bring about the kind of recovery that many firms have been hoping for, conditions are clearly improving even as the industry continues to adapt and evolve. With a little luck and a lot of work, the construction industry will be well poised to fully recover once demand for new construction from both public and private sources recovers.

About the Survey

AGC and Computer Guidance Corporation conducted the survey that serves as the basis for the 2012 Construction Hiring and Business Forecast during the final three weeks of December 2011. Over 1,300 firms . primarily from among the 20,000 general contractor or specialty subcontractor members of the Associated General Contractors of America . completed the survey. Contractors who completed the survey were entered into a raffle to win a \$100 Amazon gift certificate. Other than that, firms and their employees were not compensated or in any other way reimbursed for completing the survey.